Financial Statements As of December 31, 2022 Together With Independent Auditor's Report



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

April 24, 2023

To the Town Board of the Town of Pittsford, New York

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Pittsford, New York (the Town), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town, as of December 31, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis For Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Town and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Change in Accounting Principle

As described in Note 14, in 2022, the Town adopted new accounting guidance, GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases*. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management For the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

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In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Town's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities For the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Town's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, schedule of proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset), schedule of contributions - pension plan, and schedule of changes in total OPEB liability and related ratios be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements. The accompanying combining nonmajor governmental fund and nonmajor special revenue fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining nonmajor governmental fund and nonmajor special revenue fund financial statements are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) December 31, 2022

The management's discussion and analysis of the Town of Pittsford, New York's (the Town's) financial performance provides an overview of the Town's financial activities for the year ended December 31, 2022. Please read it in conjunction with the Town's basic financial statements.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- On the government-wide financial statements, the assets and deferred outflows of resources of the Town exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$50,710,766.
- General revenues, which include real property tax, nonproperty tax items and mortgage tax, are \$18,946,525, or 77%, of all revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of Charges for Services and Operating and Capital Grants accounted for \$5,729,041, or 23%, of total revenues.
- The Town's governmental fund financial statements report a combined ending fund balance of \$25,638,324.
- At the end of the current year, the unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$4,223,761.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Town's basic financial statements. The Town's basic financial statements consist of three components: (1) government-wide financial statements, (2) fund financial statements, and (3) notes to the basic financial statements. This report also contains individual fund statements and supplemental schedules in addition to the basic financial statements.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Town's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

- The statement of net position presents information on all of the Town's assets, deferred outflows/inflows of
 resources, and liabilities, with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in
 net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Town is improving or
 deteriorating.
- The statement of activities presents information showing how the Town's net position changed during the most recent year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.
- The *governmental* activities of the Town include highway maintenance, snow removal, general administrative support, community service, fire protection services, water services, and interest on long-term debt.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) December 31, 2022

Fund Financial Statements

A *fund* is a self-balancing grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Town, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance related legal requirements. All of the funds of the Town can be divided into two categories: Governmental Funds and Fiduciary Funds.

• Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the Town's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The Town maintains four major individual governmental funds; General Fund, Highway Fund Part-Town, Highway Fund, and Consolidated Sewer District. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance for each fund.

The Town adopts an annual budget for the General Fund, Highway Fund Part-Town, Highway Fund, and Consolidated Sewer District. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for each major fund with an annually adopted budget within the basic financial statements to demonstrate compliance with the budget.

• The *Fiduciary Funds* are used to account for assets held by the Town in an agency capacity on behalf of others. Fiduciary Funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of these funds are *not*, and never will be, available to support the Town's programs.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) December 31, 2022

Major Features of the Town-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

		Fund Financial Statements					
Features	Town-Wide Statements	Governmental Funds	Fiduciary Funds				
Scope	Entire Town	The activities of the Town are not proprietary or fiduciary, such as General administration, Highway, and Library	Instances in which the Town administers resources on behalf of someone else				
Required Financial Statements	Statement of Net Position Statement of Activities	Balance Sheet, Statement of Revenues and Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance	Statement of Fiduciary Net Position, and Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position				
Accounting Basis and Measurement Focus	Accrual accounting and economic resource focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial focus	Accrual accounting and economic resource focus				
Type of Asset/Liability Information	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, short-term and long-term	Generally, assets expected to be used up and liabilities that come due during the year or soon thereafter, no capital assets or long-term liabilities included	All assets and liabilities both short-term and long-term; funds do not currently contain capital assets, although they can				
Type of Inflow/Outflow Information	All revenues and expenses during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year; expenditures when goods or services have been received and the related liability is due and payable	All additions and deductions during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid				

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) December 31, 2022

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the Town's financial position.

Table 1 - Net Position	2022	2021
ASSETS:		
Current assets	\$ 30,585,418	\$ 26,070,519
Noncurrent assets	64,652,960	63,536,336
Total assets	95,238,378	89,606,855
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:		
Deferred amount on refunding	133,036	144,122
Pension related	4,135,841	5,682,029
Other postemployment benefits	1,677,750	2,922,800
Total deferred outflows of resources	5,946,627	8,748,951
LIABILITIES:		
Current liabilities	4,116,911	3,869,514
Noncurrent liabilities	31,856,690	38,594,301
Total liabilities	35,973,601	42,463,815
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:		
Pension related	6,853,332	7,076,521
Other postemployment benefits	4,773,633	1,902,520
Lease related	2,873,673	
Total deferred inflows of resources	14,500,638	8,979,041
NET POSITION:		
Net investment in capital assets	47,194,739	46,287,501
Restricted	18,920,108	16,810,860
Unrestricted	(15,404,081)	(16,185,411)
Total net position	\$ 50,710,766	\$ 46,912,950

By far, the largest component of the Town's net position is reflected in its investment in capital assets, less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The Town uses these capital assets to provide services to the residents and consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the Town's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) December 31, 2022

There are restricted net position balances which constituted 37% and 36% of total net position at the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively. The remaining balance is unrestricted net position and may be used to finance future operations.

Table 2 - Change in Net Position

	2022	% of Total	2021	% of Total
REVENUES:				
Charges for services	\$ 3,617,485	14.7%	\$ 3,304,634	14.7%
Operating grants and contributions	1,222,702	5.0%	-	0.0%
Capital grants and contributions	888,854	3.6%	755,930	3.4%
Taxes	18,122,694	73.5%	17,790,794	79.1%
Other revenues	823,831	<u>3.3%</u>	646,987	<u>2.8%</u>
Total revenues	24,675,566	100.1%	22,498,345	100.0%
EXPENSES:				
General governmental support	4,448,724	21.3%	4,749,946	23.0%
Public safety	1,033,575	5.0%	1,020,037	4.9%
Public health	105,460	0.5%	62,070	0.3%
Transportation	6,571,053	31.5%	6,634,399	32.2%
Economic assistance and opportunity	586,082	2.8%	319,737	1.5%
Culture and recreation	4,618,519	22.1%	4,487,969	21.8%
Home and community services	3,098,638	14.8%	2,902,590	14.1%
Interest on long term debt	415,699	<u>2.0%</u>	456,404	<u>2.2%</u>
Total expenses	20,877,750	100.0%	20,633,152	100.0%
Change in net position	\$ 3,797,816		\$ 1,865,193	

The Town relies upon taxes, charges for services, and capital grants as its primary revenue sources. Expenses are distributed dependent on the Town's services.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE TOWN'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the Town uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds

The focus of the Town's governmental funds is to provide information on near term inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Town's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the year. Amounts to be applied against next year's fund balance are reported as assigned resources.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) December 31, 2022

As of the end of the current year, the Town's combined governmental fund balances were \$25,638,324, which is greater than last year's ending fund balance of \$24,149,719.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the Town. At the end of the current year, the total fund balance of the General Fund was \$9,705,493, of which \$4,223,761 was unassigned. The fund balance for the Town's General Fund decreased by \$963,596 in 2022, as a function of the Town's operating activities.

Budgetary Highlights

The key budget variances for the major funds are listed below.

	Fi	nal Budget	
	V	ariance vs.	
Revenue Items		Actual	Explanation for Budget Variance
General Fund - Departmental income	\$	165,117	There was more interest in Recreation programs as residents became less concerned with COVID-19.
General Fund - Use of money and property	\$	191,585	Increase due to higher interest rates for Town investments.
General Fund - Sale of property and compensation for loss	\$	186,079	Sale of land near the Library and insurance claim recoveries.
General Fund - Miscellaneous	\$	(107,644)	NYS changed the account code for AIM related payments.
General Fund - State aid	\$	394,646	Mortgage tax revenue was higher than anticipated.
General Fund - Federal aid	\$	(631,193)	ARPA revenue was budgeted for as projects were approved.
Highway Fund - Intergovernmental charges	\$	(110,123)	New York State and Monroe County Snow and Ice revenue was lower due to a lighter winter.
Highway Fund Part-Town - Nonproperty Tax Items	\$	1,570,676	Sales tax revenue was higher than anticipated.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) December 31, 2022

Expense Items	nal Budget oriance vs. Actual	Explanation for Budget Variance
General Fund - General Governmental Support	\$ 575,342	Staff positions went unfilled for portions of the year; conservative budgeting of part time help and overtime; lower than expected increases in expenses.
General Fund - Economic Assistance and Opportunity	\$ 91,174	Staff positions went unfilled for portions of the year; conservative budgeting of part time help and overtime; lower than expected increases in expenses.
General Fund - Culture and Recreation	\$ 221,552	Staff positions went unfilled for portions of the year; conservative budgeting of part time help and overtime; lower than expected increases in expenses.
General Fund - Employee Benefits	\$ 349,780	Lower than expected increases in expenses for employee healthcare and NYS Retirement.
Highway Fund - Transportation	\$ 66,123	Conservative budgeting of part time help and overtime; lower than expected increases in expenses.
Highway Fund - Employee Benefits	\$ 91,147	Lower than expected increases in expenses for employee healthcare and NYS Retirement.
Highway Fund Part-Town - Transportation	\$ 254,382	Conservative budgeting of part time help and overtime; lower than expected increases in expenses.
Consolidated Sewer District - Home and Community Services	\$ 161,603	Conservative budgeting of part time help and overtime; lower than expected increases in expenses.
Consolidated Sewer District - Employee Benefits	\$ 112,821	Lower than expected increases in expenses for employee healthcare and NYS Retirement.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)

December 31, 2022

Capital Assets

Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, are reflected below:

Table 3 - Capital Assets

Class	2022	Restated 2021
Land	\$ 6,128,566	\$ 6,128,566
Land development rights	11,513,343	11,513,343
Work in progress	846,591	567,579
Infrastructure	18,396,765	18,242,659
Buildings and improvements	22,983,807	24,008,328
Machinery and equipment	2,709,729	3,075,861
Leased assets	97,484	170,650
Total capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	\$ 62,676,285	\$ 63,706,986

During 2022, there were \$3,076,690 of capital asset additions. These additions were offset by \$4,107,391 of depreciation and amortization expense. More detailed information about the Town's capital assets is presented in the notes to the financial statements.

Long-Term Liabilities

The Town's general obligation and other long-term debt and obligations outstanding are summarized as follows at December 31:

Table 4 - Long-Term Liabilities

	2022	Restated 2021
Control and about them they do not	ć 42 225 000	ć 45 246 042
Serial and statutory bonds, net	\$ 13,335,000	\$ 15,216,812
Bond premium	299,443	329,329
Lease liabilities	24,808	98,327
Net pension liability	-	24,153
Total OPEB liability	18,097,063	22,952,817
Compensated absences	100,376	71,190
Total	\$ 31,856,690	\$ 38,692,628

The amount of principal paid on outstanding debt was approximately \$1,840,000 in 2022 and \$1,800,000 in 2021.

More detailed information about the Town's long-term liabilities is presented in the notes to the financial statements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)
December 31, 2022

FACTORS BEARING ON THE TOWN'S FUTURE

The principal factors bearing on the Town of Pittsford are the long-term financial and economic consequences of the COVID-19 pandemic. The Town will receive \$2,876,402 in American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) Federal Aid. The Town will be using the money to meet several needs including deferred maintenance items and addressing aging infrastructure. As we transition out of the COVID-19 pandemic: inflation is on the rise and costs have increased for staffing, day to day operations, and projects. However, the Town has been encouraged by strong positive trends for sales tax and mortgage revenue.

State mandates continue to burden the Town fiscally. Increases to the minimum wage and their cascading effects throughout our wage scales impose additional significant costs. New requirements for employee training similarly impose additional costs that we must take into account for future budgets. The Town's continuing pursuit and implementation of its long-standing policies and practices promoting sustainability and environmental responsibility have potential to lower costs. For example, the completed conversion to solar power for facilities at Kings Bend Park.

In light of building applications currently in the approval process before the Planning Board or already under construction, the Town's tax base will continue to grow. The Town Administration will continue to seek alternative funding sources, to pursue conservative and responsible fiscal practices and policies, and to undertake long range financial planning.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Town's finances for those with an interest in the Town's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to:

Town of Pittsford 11 South Main Street Pittsford, New York 14534 (585) 248-6225

Attn: Finance Director

Statement of Net Position

December 31, 2022

ASSETS	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 10,795,994
Investments	14,907,084
Receivables	24,376
Due from State and Federal government	206,599
Due from other governments	1,528,471
Lease receivable	2,923,752
Prepaid expenses	199,142
Net pension asset	1,976,675
Capital assets, nondepreciable	18,488,500
Capital assets, net	44,187,785
Total assets	95,238,378
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred amount on refunding	133,036
Pension related	4,135,841
Other postemployment benefits related	1,677,750
Total deferred outflows of resources	5,946,627
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable	341,022
Due to other governments	258
Accrued liabilities	339,090
Accrued interest	88,159
Unearned revenue	1,393,051
Current portion of long-term debt	1,881,812
Current portion of lease liability	73,519
Long-term obligations -	,
Long-term debt, net of current portion	13,634,443
Lease liability, net of current portion	24,808
Compensated absences	100,376
Total other postemployment benefits liability	18,097,063
, and a second production of the second produc	
Total liabilities	35,973,601
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Pension related	6,853,332
Other postemployment benefits related	4,773,633
Lease related	2,873,673
Total deferred inflows of resources	14,500,638
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	47,194,739
Restricted	18,920,108
Unrestricted	(15,404,081)
Total net position	\$ 50,710,766

Statement of Activities For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

				Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position				
Functions/Programs	Expenses		Charges for Services	(Operating Grants and ontributions	apital Grants and ontributions	G	overnmental Activities
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT:								
Governmental activities -								
General governmental support	\$ 4,448,724	\$	465,835	\$	138,556	\$ 45,394	\$	(3,798,939)
Public safety	1,033,575		31,746		4,850	-		(996,979)
Public health	105,460		-		39,400	-		(66,060)
Transportation	6,571,053		465,821		530,552	490,563		(5,084,117)
Economic assistance and								(
opportunity	586,082		-		-	206,600		(379,482)
Culture and recreation	4,618,519		1,136,404		264,230	95,257		(3,122,628)
Home and community services	3,098,638		1,517,679		245,114	51,040		(1,284,805)
Interest on long-term debt	415,699		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>	 <u>-</u>		(415,699)
Total governmental activities	\$ 20,877,750	\$	3,617,485	\$	1,222,702	\$ 888,854		(15,148,709)
	GENERAL REVENU	JES:						
	Real property ta	ixes a	and real prope	erty t	ax items			10,727,153
	Nonproperty ta	x iter	ns					6,083,976
	Mortgage tax							1,311,565
	Use of money a							536,241
	Sale of property	and	compensation	า for	loss			217,898
	Miscellaneous						_	69,692
	Total genera	l rev	enues				_	18,946,525
	Change in net pos	ition	1					3,797,816
	Net position - beg	ginnir	ng of year					46,912,950
	Net position - end	l of y	ear				\$	50,710,766

Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds December 31, 2022

Investments Receivables Due from other funds Due from State and Federal government Due from other governments Lease receivable Prepaid expenditures Total assets \$ 1 LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES LIABILITIES: Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Due to other funds Due to other governments Unearned revenue	5,483,940 5,445,739 20,880 138,895 62,604 18,470 2,923,752 85,446	\$	697,405 939,625 - - -	\$	1,037,023 4,307,682 - -	\$ 1,895,197 1,462,694	\$	1,682,429 2,751,344	\$	10,795,994
Cash and cash equivalents Investments Receivables Due from other funds Due from State and Federal government Due from other governments Lease receivable Prepaid expenditures Total assets LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES LIABILITIES: Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Due to other funds Due to other governments Unearned revenue	5,445,739 20,880 138,895 62,604 18,470 2,923,752 85,446	\$		\$			\$		\$	10,795,994
Investments Receivables Due from other funds Due from State and Federal government Due from other governments Lease receivable Prepaid expenditures Total assets \$ 1 LIABILITIES: Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Due to other funds Due to other governments Unearned revenue	5,445,739 20,880 138,895 62,604 18,470 2,923,752 85,446	\$		\$			\$		\$	10,795,994
Receivables Due from other funds Due from State and Federal government Due from other governments Lease receivable Prepaid expenditures Total assets \$\frac{\\$ 1}{2}\$ LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES LIABILITIES: Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Due to other funds Due to other governments Unearned revenue	20,880 138,895 62,604 18,470 2,923,752 85,446		939,625 - - - -		4,307,682 - -	1,462,694		2.751.344		
Due from other funds Due from State and Federal government Due from other governments Lease receivable Prepaid expenditures Total assets \$\frac{\\$ 1}{2}\$ LIABILITIES: Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Due to other funds Due to other governments Unearned revenue	138,895 62,604 18,470 2,923,752 85,446		-		-	_		_,,,,,,,		14,907,084
Due from State and Federal government Due from other governments Lease receivable Prepaid expenditures Total assets \$ 1 LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES LIABILITIES: Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Due to other funds Due to other governments Unearned revenue	62,604 18,470 2,923,752 85,446		- - -		_			3,496		24,376
Due from other governments Lease receivable Prepaid expenditures Total assets \$\frac{\$}{1}\$ LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES LIABILITIES: Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Due to other funds Due to other governments Unearned revenue	18,470 2,923,752 85,446		-			-		-		138,895
Lease receivable Prepaid expenditures Total assets \$ 1 LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES LIABILITIES: Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Due to other funds Due to other governments Unearned revenue	2,923,752 85,446		-		-	-		143,995		206,599
Total assets \$ 1 LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES LIABILITIES: Accounts payable \$ Accrued liabilities Due to other funds Due to other governments Unearned revenue	85,446				1,147,601	-		362,400		1,528,471
Total assets \$ 1 LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES LIABILITIES: Accounts payable \$ Accrued liabilities Due to other funds Due to other governments Unearned revenue			-		-	-		-		2,923,752
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES LIABILITIES: Accounts payable \$ Accrued liabilities Due to other funds Due to other governments Unearned revenue	4 470 726		25,969		29,151	13,760		44,816		199,142
LIABILITIES: Accounts payable \$ Accrued liabilities Due to other funds Due to other governments Unearned revenue	.4,179,726	\$	1,662,999	\$	6,521,457	\$ 3,371,651	\$	4,988,480	\$	30,724,313
Accrued liabilities Due to other funds Due to other governments Unearned revenue	, AND FUN	D BA	ALANCES							
Accrued liabilities Due to other funds Due to other governments Unearned revenue	64,551	\$	19,323	\$	1,018	\$ 229,204	\$	26,926	\$	341,022
Due to other governments Unearned revenue	162,700		93,417	·	4,368	20,575	·	58,030	·	339,090
Due to other governments Unearned revenue	_		_		_	-		138,895		138,895
Unearned revenue	258		-		-	-		-		258
Total liabilities	1,373,051				<u>-</u>			20,000	_	1,393,051
	1,600,560		112,740		5,386	249,779		243,851	_	2,212,316
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:										
Deferred inflows of resources - leases	2,873,673								_	2,873,673
Total deferred inflows of resources	2,873,673		-						_	2,873,673
FUND BALANCES:										
Nonspendable	85,446		25,969		29,151	13,760		44,816		199,142
	3,395,619		1,524,290		6,486,920	3,108,112		4,405,167		18,920,108
-	2,000,667		-		-	-		294,646		2,295,313
Unassigned	4,223,761									4,223,761
Total fund balances	9,705,493	_	1,550,259		6,516,071	3,121,872		4,744,629		25,638,324
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and, fund balances \$ 1	.4,179,726	\$	1,662,999	\$	6,521,457	\$ 3,371,651	\$	4,988,480	\$	30,724,313

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position December 31, 2022

Total fund balance - governmental funds		\$ 25,638,324
Total net position reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position is different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	126 010 141	
Cost of capital assets Accumulated depreciation and amortization	136,819,141 (74,142,856)	62,676,285
Deferred outflows of resources are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		
Deferred outflows - ERS Deferred amount on refunding		4,135,841 133,036
Deferred outflows - other postemployment benefits		1,677,750
Net pension obligations are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		
Net pension asset - ERS		1,976,675
Other postemployment benefit obligations are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		(18,097,063)
Deferred inflows of resources are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		
Deferred inflows - ERS Deferred inflows - other postemployment benefits		(6,853,332) (4,773,633)
Accrued interest on long-term debt, including leases is an expense in the funds when paid, but a liability in the statement of net position when		
incurred.		(88,159)
Bonds payable and other noncurrent liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		
Serial and statutory bonds	(15,216,812)	
Bond premium Compensated absences	(299,443) (100,376)	
Lease liability	(98,327)	(15 714 059)
		 (15,714,958)
Total net position of governmental activities		\$ 50,710,766

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	_Ge	eneral Fund	Hig	ghway Fund		ghway Fund Part-Town	nsolidated ver District		Nonmajor vernmental Funds	Total
REVENUES:										
Real property taxes and tax items	\$	6,604,418	\$	1,835,269	\$	545,224	\$ 1,238,822	\$	2,148,362	\$ 12,372,095
Nonproperty tax items		395,737		-		4,193,676	-		1,494,563	6,083,976
Departmental income		1,001,617		-		-	19,003		283,987	1,304,607
Intergovernmental charges		102,732		399,182		4,236	-		_	506,150
Interfund revenues		35,927		-		-	-		-	35,927
Use of money and property		364,910		25,500		58,271	47,484		40,076	536,241
Licenses and permits		27,320		-		-	3,160		104,930	135,410
Fines and forfeitures		26,376		-		-	-		-	26,376
Sale of property and compensation for loss		186,079		819		-	31,000		_	217,898
Miscellaneous		40,937		1,579		3,697	17,417		6,062	69,692
State aid		1,420,646		-		365,563	, -		-	1,786,209
Federal aid		1,492,917			_		 		143,995	 1,636,912
Total revenues		11,699,616		2,262,349		5,170,667	 1,356,886		4,221,975	 24,711,493
EXPENDITURES:										
General governmental support		3,592,602		_		-	_		124,116	3,716,718
Public safety		261,145		_		-	_		604,864	866,009
Public health		105,460		_		-	_		-	105,460
Transportation		156,779		2,253,725		3,588,787	_		154,463	6,153,754
Economic assistance and opportunity		328,607		-		-	_		174,600	503,207
Culture and recreation		2,196,099		_		_	_		1,263,332	3,459,431
Home and community services		185,119		_		2,415	1,060,786		964,046	2,212,366
Employee benefits		1,546,964		616,753		760,661	316,645		597,543	3,838,566
Debt service -		,,		,		/	,.		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	-,,-
Principal		167,323		_		-	_		1,751,816	1,919,139
Interest		6,441					 		441,797	 448,238
Total expenditures		8,546,539		2,870,478		4,351,863	 1,377,431		6,076,577	 23,222,888
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER		3,153,077		(608,129)		818,804	 (20,545)		(1,854,602)	 1,488,605
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):										
Operating transfers - in		-		544,937		630,552	493,000		2,500,934	4,169,423
Operating transfers - out		(4,116,673)				(52,750)	 		<u>-</u>	 (4,169,423)
Total other financing sources and uses		(4,116,673)		544,937		577,802	 493,000	_	2,500,934	
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(963,596)		(63,192)		1,396,606	472,455		646,332	1,488,605
FUND BALANCE - beginning of year		10,669,089		1,613,451		5,119,465	 2,649,417		4,098,297	 24,149,719
FUND BALANCE - end of year	\$	9,705,493	\$	1,550,259	\$	6,516,071	\$ 3,121,872	\$	4,744,629	\$ 25,638,324

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes In Fund Balances - Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

\$	1,488,605
3,076,690 (4 107 391)	
(4,107,331)	(1,030,701)
	677,829
	739,591
72,323	
1,846,816	
29,886	
(11,086)	
13,739	
(29,186)	
_	1,922,492
<u>\$</u>	3,797,816
	72,323 1,846,816 29,886 (11,086) 13,739

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position December 31, 2022

	<u>Custodial Funds</u>	
ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	6,643
Total assets	\$	6,643
FUND BALANCE		
Restricted for others	\$	6,643
Total fund balance	\$	6,643

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	<u>Custodial Funds</u>
ADDITIONS	
Property taxes collected for other governments Bail deposits collected Interest earnings	\$ 109,993,771 25,500 34
Total additions	110,019,305
DEDUCTIONS	
Property taxes remitted to other governments Bail deposits returned	(109,993,771) (25,600)
Total deductions	(110,019,371)
Change in net position	(66)
NET POSITION - beginning of year	6,709
NET POSITION - end of year	\$ 6,643

Notes to Basic Financial Statements December 31, 2022

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The basic financial statements of the Town of Pittsford, New York (the Town) are prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The Town's significant accounting policies are described below.

Financial Reporting Entity

The Town is governed by its charter, Town Law, other general laws of the State of New York and various local laws. The Town Board, which is the legislative body responsible for the overall operation of the Town, consists of the Supervisor and four Councilpersons. The Supervisor serves as Chief Executive Officer and Chief Fiscal Officer of the Town.

The Town provides the following basic services to all or some residents of the Town: highway maintenance, recreation facilities and programs, environmental services, and library services.

The financial reporting entity consists of (a) the primary government which is the Town, (b) organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable, and (c) other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete as set forth in generally accepted accounting principles.

All governmental activities and functions performed by the Town are its direct responsibility; no other governmental organizations have been included or excluded from the reporting entity.

The decision to include a potential component unit in the Town's reporting entity is based on several criteria set forth by the GASB including legal standing, fiscal dependency, and financial accountability. A component unit is included in the Town's reporting entity if it is both fiscally dependent on the Town and there is a potential for the component unit to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on, the primary government. Based on the application of these criteria, the Town has determined there are no other organizations that meet criteria for inclusion in the reporting entity of the Town.

A. Included in the Reporting Entity

A separate Board has been established pursuant to Education Law to manage the operations of the public library. This separate Board is administratively and financially dependent on the Town and, accordingly, the related financial activity is included within the accompanying financial statements.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements December 31, 2022

B. Excluded from the Reporting Entity

Although the following organizations, functions, or activities are related to the Town, they are not included in the Town reporting entity because of the reasons noted:

- The Pittsford Fire District is an independent district corporation that has the authority to levy its
 own property taxes and borrow in its own name, and for which the governing commissioners are
 elected by the residents of this Fire District. The Board of Fire Commissioners has complete
 responsibility for management of this Fire District and its fiscal affairs. The Town Board exercises no
 oversight over this Fire District's operations. Their audit reports may be obtained by contacting the
 Pittsford Fire District.
- 2. The Brighton Fire District overlaps the Town and is an independent district corporation that has the authority to levy its own property taxes and borrow in its own name, and for which the governing commissioners are elected by the residents of this Fire District. The Board of Fire Commissioners has complete responsibility for management of this Fire District and its fiscal affairs. The Town Board exercises no oversight over this Fire District's operations. Their audit reports may be obtained by contacting the Brighton Fire District.

Basis of Presentation

Government-Wide Statements

The Town's basic financial statements include both government-wide (reporting the Town as a whole) and fund financial statements (reporting the Town's major funds). Both the government-wide and fund financial statements categorize primary activities as either governmental or business-type. All of the Town's services are classified as governmental activities.

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position, the governmental activities are presented on a consolidated basis and are reported on a full accrual, economic resources basis, which recognizes all long-term assets and receivables as well as long-term debt and obligations. The Town's net position is reported in three parts - net investment in capital assets; restricted net position; and unrestricted net position. The Town first uses restricted resources to finance qualifying activities.

The government-wide Statement of Activities reports both the gross and net cost of each of the Town's functions, i.e., public safety and transportation, etc. The functions are also supported by general government revenues (property, sales taxes, mortgage tax, state revenue sharing, and investment earnings, etc.). The Statement of Activities reduces gross expenses (including depreciation) by related program revenues, operating and capital grants. Program revenues must be directly associated with the function. Operating grants include operating-specific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants while the capital grants column reflects capital-specific grants, if applicable.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements December 31, 2022

The Town's fiduciary funds are presented in the fiduciary fund financial statements by type (custodial). Since by definition these assets are being held for the benefit of a third party and cannot be used to address activities or obligations of the Town, these funds are not incorporated into the government-wide financial statements.

This government-wide focus is more on the sustainability of the Town as an entity and the change in the Town's net position resulting from the current year's activities.

Fund Financial Statements

The emphasis in the fund financial statements is on the major funds. Nonmajor funds are summarized into a single column. Generally accepted accounting principles set forth minimum criteria (percentage of the assets/deferred outflows of resources, liabilities/deferred inflows of resources, revenues or expenditures/expenses of either fund category or the governmental and enterprise combined) for the determination of major funds. The nonmajor funds are combined in one column in the fund financial statements.

a. Governmental Funds - Governmental funds are those major and nonmajor funds through which most governmental functions are financed. The acquisition, use and balances of expendable financial resources and the related liabilities are accounted for through governmental funds. The measurement focus of the governmental funds is upon determination of financial position and changes in financial position. The following are the Town's governmental fund types:

Major Governmental Funds:

- **General Fund** the primary operating fund of the Town and includes all revenues and expenditures not required by law to be accounted for in other funds.
- Highway Fund and Highway Fund Part-Town special revenue funds used to account for taxes, user fees, or other revenues which are raised or received to provide highway services to areas throughout the Town.
- Consolidated Sewer District special revenue fund used to account for taxes, user fees, or
 other revenues which are raised or received to provide sewer services to areas throughout
 the Town.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements December 31, 2022

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

The other funds, which do not meet the major fund criteria are aggregated and reported as nonmajor governmental funds. The following are reported as nonmajor governmental funds:

- General Fund Town Outside Village includes all general fund operations taking place outside the Village.
- **Debt Service Fund** used to account for financial resources accumulated for payment of future principal and interest on long-term indebtedness.
- **Capital Projects Fund** used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition, construction or renovation of capital facilities; or the acquisition of equipment.
- Special Revenue Funds used to account for taxes, user fees, or other revenues, which are
 raised or received to provide special services to areas that may or may not encompass the
 whole Town. The following are nonmajor special revenue funds utilized by the Town:
 - Public Library Fund
 - Park Districts
 - Park Land Deposits Fund
 - Lighting Districts
 - Refuse Districts
 - Fire Protection Fund
 - Ambulance District Fund

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held by the local government in a trustee or custodial capacity.

 Custodial Fund - used to report fiduciary activities that are not required to be reported in pension (and other employee benefit) trust funds, investment trust funds, or privatepurpose trust funds.

Basis of Accounting/Measurement Focus

The government-wide and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash transaction takes place. Non-exchange transactions, in which the Town gives or receives value without directly receiving or giving equal value in exchange, include grants and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from grants and donations are recognized in the year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements December 31, 2022

The governmental fund statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The Town considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within one year of the balance sheet date.

Material revenues that are accrued include real property taxes, state and federal aid, distributed sales taxes, certain user charges, and some departmental fees. If expenditures are the prime factor for determining eligibility, revenues from federal and state grants are accrued when the expenditure is made.

Expenditures are recorded when incurred except that:

- Principal and interest on indebtedness is not recognized as an expenditure until due and paid.
- Compensated absences, such as vacation and compensatory time which vests or accumulates, are charged as an expenditure when paid.

Real Property Taxes

Real property taxes are levied January 1 and collected by the Receiver of Taxes without interest through February 10, and through May 31 with interest and penalties. Taxes for County purposes are levied together with taxes for town and special district purposes on a single bill. The Town and special districts receive the full amount of their levies annually out of the first amounts collected on the combined bills. Uncollected taxes at June 1 are turned over to Monroe County for collection. At year end, all Town and special district taxes had been collected, and therefore, no reserve was necessary.

Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Estimates and assumptions are made in a variety of areas, including computation of encumbrances, compensated absences, potential contingent liabilities, and useful lives of long-lived assets.

Cash and Cash Equivalents and Investments

The Town's cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand, demand deposits, money market accounts, and short-term certificates of deposit. The Town's investments consist primarily of investments in NYCLASS external investment pool and U.S. Treasury bills. NYCLASS is measured at amortized cost, which closely approximates fair value. Treasury bills are measured at fair value based on Level 1 inputs.

Accounts Receivable and Lease Receivable

Receivables are shown gross, with uncollectible amounts recognized under the direct write-off method. Generally accepted accounting principles require the allowance method be used to recognize bad debts; however, the effect of using the direct write-off method is not materially different from the results that would have been obtained under the allowance method.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements December 31, 2022

Due To/From Other Funds

The amounts reported on the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet for due to and from other funds represents amounts due between different fund types (i.e., general, highway, and nonmajor funds). Eliminations have been made for amounts due to and due from within the same fund type. A detailed description of the individual fund balances at year end is provided subsequently in these notes.

Prepaid Items

Prepaid items represent payments made by the Town for which benefits extend beyond year end. These payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as assets on the statement of net position and balance sheet using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amounts is recorded at the time of purchase and an expense/expenditure is reported in the year the goods or services are consumed.

Capital Assets

Capital assets purchased or acquired with an original cost of \$5,000 or more are reported at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Contributed fixed assets are recorded at fair market value at the date received. Additions, improvements, and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset, are capitalized. Costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred.

Depreciation on all assets is recorded on the straight-line basis over the following useful lives:

Class	<u>Life in Years</u>
Buildings	20 - 50 years
Improvements	5 - 30 years
Machinery and equipment	5 - 25 years
Infrastructure:	
Bridges	30 years
Roads, sidewalks, curbing, light systems, gutters	15 years
Sewer systems	60 years

Capital assets also include lease assets with a term greater than one year. The Town does not implement a capitalization threshold for lease assets. Lease assets are amortized on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease.

Compensated Absences

Town employees are granted vacation leave and earn compensated absences in varying amounts. In the event of termination or upon retirement, an employee is entitled to payment for accumulated vacation and unused compensated absences at various rates subject to certain maximum limitations.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements December 31, 2022

Postemployment Benefits

The Town provides postemployment health insurance coverage to its retired employees and their survivors. Substantially all employees may become eligible for these benefits when they reach eligible retirement age and have worked 20 years for the Town. The Town made no provision for recognizing the cost of postemployment benefits which may eventually be paid to employees who have not yet retired on the governmental funds statements. On the government-wide statements, these amounts attributable to past service have been recorded as a liability. On June 16, 2015, the Town Board passed a resolution stating that any person commencing employment with the Town, or re-commencing employment having been employed by the Town previously, on or after July 1, 2015 shall no longer be paid medical benefits in retirement.

Unearned Revenue

The Town reports unearned revenues in its basic financial statements. Unearned revenue arises when a potential revenue does not meet both the measurable and available criteria for recognition in the current period under the modified accrual method of accounting. Unearned revenue also arises when resources are received by the Town before it has a legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to the incurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when both recognition criteria are met, or when the Town has legal claim to resources, the liability for unearned revenue is removed and revenue is recognized.

Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets and liabilities, the Balance Sheet and Statement of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows/inflows of resources. The separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expenses/expenditure) until then. The separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until then.

Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

Payables, accrued liabilities, and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements. In the governmental funds, payables and accrued liabilities are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources. Compensated absences that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment in the current year. Bonds and other long-term obligations that will be paid from governmental funds are recognized as a liability in the fund financial statements when due.

Long-term obligations represent the Town's future obligations or future economic outflows. The liabilities are reported as due in one year or due within more than one year in the Statement of Net Position.

Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies, are recorded for budgetary control purposes to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriations, is employed in the funds. Encumbrances are reported in the restricted, committed, or assigned fund balance category from which their spending authorization has been recorded since they do not constitute expenditures or liabilities. Expenditures for such commitments are recorded in the period in which the liability is incurred.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements December 31, 2022

Interfund Transactions

The operations of the Town include transactions between funds. These transactions may be temporary in nature, such as with certain interfund borrowings. The Town typically loans resources between funds for the purpose of providing cash flow. These interfund receivables and payables are expected to be repaid within one year. Permanent transfers of funds include the transfer of expenditures and revenues to provide financial or other services.

Equity Classifications

Government-Wide Statements

Equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

- Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of
 accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, notes, or other
 borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.
 Additionally, deferred outflows or inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition,
 construction, or improvement of those assets or related debt should be included in this component
 of net position.
- **Restricted net position** consists of net position with constraints placed on their use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of another government; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- **Unrestricted net position** all other net position that does not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets".

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Town's policy to use restricted resources first, and then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Fund Statements

Generally accepted accounting principles provide more clearly defined fund balance categories to make the nature and extent of the constraints placed on a government's fund balances more transparent. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints:

• Nonspendable Fund Balances

These are amounts that cannot be spent either because they are in nonspendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted Fund Balances

These are amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of constitutional provisions or enabling legislation or because of constraints that are externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or the laws or regulations of other governments.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements December 31, 2022

Committed Fund Balances

These are amounts that can be used only for specific purposes determined by a formal action of the Town Board prior to year end. The Town Board is the highest level of decision-making authority for the Town. Commitments may be established, modified, or rescinded only through resolutions approved by the Town Board.

Assigned Fund Balances

These are amounts that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed but that are intended to be used for specific purposes. The Town Board or its designee can make a determination of the assigned amounts of fund balance.

• Unassigned Fund Balances

These are all other spendable amounts.

Absent a Town-wide policy, when an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the Town considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds, as needed, unless the Town Board has provided otherwise in its commitment or assignment actions.

2. STEWARDSHIP

Budget Policies - The budget policies are as follows:

- a. No later than October 30, the budget officer submits a tentative budget to the Town Clerk for submission to the Town Board for the year commencing the following January 1. The tentative budget includes proposed expenditures and the proposed means of financing them.
- b. After public hearings are conducted to obtain taxpayer comments, no later than December 20, the Town Board adopts the budget.
- c. All modifications of the budget must be approved by the Town Board. (However, the Supervisor is authorized to transfer certain budgeted amounts within departments).
- d. Budgetary controls are established for the capital projects fund through resolutions authorizing individual projects, which remain in effect for the life of the project.

Budget Basis of Accounting

Budgets are adopted annually on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Appropriations authorized for the current year are increased by the amount of encumbrances carried forward from the prior year. Budgetary comparison schedules are presented as required supplementary information in the basic financial statements.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements December 31, 2022

Budget/GAAP Reconciliation

The Town reports its budgetary status with the actual data, including outstanding encumbrances as charges against budget appropriations. This results in the following reconciliation of the fund balances computed on GAAP basis and budgetary basis:

General Fund:	
GAAP basis fund balance at December 31, 2022	\$ 9,705,493
Less: Outstanding encumbrances	(228,784)
Budgetary basis fund balance at December 31, 2022	\$ 9,476,709
Highway Fund:	
GAAP basis fund balance at December 31, 2022	\$ 1,550,259
Less: Outstanding encumbrances	(668,149)
Budgetary basis fund balance at December 31, 2022	\$ 882,110
Highway Fund Part-Town:	
GAAP basis fund balance at December 31, 2022	\$ 6,516,071
Less: Outstanding encumbrances	(169,629)
Budgetary basis fund balance at December 31, 2022	\$ 6,346,442
Consolidated Sewer District:	
GAAP basis fund balance at December 31, 2022	\$ 3,121,872
Less: Outstanding encumbrances	(232,335)
Budgetary basis fund balance at December 31, 2022	\$ 2,889,537

Notes to Basic Financial Statements December 31, 2022

3. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

State statutes govern the Town's investment policies. The Town has its own written deposit and investment policy, which is compliant with Section 39 of the General Municipal Law.

Credit Risk

Town monies must be deposited in Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) insured commercial banks or trust companies located within New York State. The Town is authorized to invest in special time deposit accounts, certificates of deposit, obligations of the United States, and obligations of the State of New York.

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Town's deposits or investments may not be returned to it. All deposits of the Town in excess of the amount insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Act must be secured by the following:

- A pledge of eligible securities with an aggregated market value equal to the amount of deposits. Eligible securities include: obligations issued by the United States; obligations issued or fully guaranteed by the State of New York; obligations issued by states rated in one of the three highest rating categories; obligations of Puerto Rico rated in one of the three highest rating categories by at least one nationally recognized statistical rating organization; obligations issued or fully guaranteed by the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development, the Inter-American Development Bank, and the African Development Bank; obligations of counties, cities, and other governmental entities of a State other than New York State having the power to levy taxes that are backed by the full faith and credit of such governmental entity.
- An eligible surety bond payable to the government executed by an insurance company authorized to do business in New York State, whose claims-paying ability is rated in the highest rating category by at least two nationally recognized statistical rating organizations.
- An irrevocable letter of credit issued by a federal home loan bank whose commercial paper and other
 unsecured short-term debt obligations are rated in the highest rating category by at least one nationally
 recognized statistical rating organization.

Collateral is required for demand and time deposits and certificates of deposit not covered by Federal Deposit Insurance. Obligations that may be pledged as collateral are obligations of the United States and its agencies and obligations of New York State and its municipalities. At year end, demand deposits and certificates of deposit for the Town were entirely covered by FDIC insurance or collateral held by trust companies located within the State.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements December 31, 2022

The Town's aggregate bank balances were insured and collateralized as follows:

		Carrying
Description	Bank Balance	Amount
Primary government	\$ 11,000,230	\$ 10,795,994
Fiduciary funds	6,643	6,643
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 11,006,873	\$ 10,802,637
Category 1: Covered by FDIC insurance	\$ 1,046,557	
Category 2:		
Collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent		
in the Town's name	9,960,316	
	\$ 11,006,873	

Restricted cash represents cash and cash equivalents where use is limited by legal requirements. These assets represent amounts required by statute to be reserved for various purposes. Cash is restricted in the governmental funds in the amount of \$5,031,684 representing the cash balance of the Town's reserve funds. The cash balance in the park land deposits fund, \$433,854, is also restricted as to its use.

The Town categorizes the fair value measurements of its investments based on the hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The fair value hierarchy, which has three levels, is based on the valuation inputs used to measure an asset's fair value: Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. The Town did not have any investments that are measured using Level 2 or Level 3 inputs.

Fair value measurements of the Town's investments at December 31, 2022 comprised U.S. Treasury Bills valued at \$10,772,913 based on quoted market prices (Level 1 inputs).

The Town participates in the New York Cooperative Liquid Asset Securities System (NYCLASS) local government investment pool. A separate financial report for NYCLASS is prepared in accordance with GASB Statement No. 31, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools. Copies of the report can be obtained from the NYCLASS website at newyorkclass.org.

NYCLASS measures its investments at fair value in accordance with Paragraph 41 of Statement 79 and Paragraph 11 of Statement 31, and therefore, a Participant's investment in NYCLASS is not required to be categorized within the fair value hierarchy of Paragraph 81a(2) of Statement 72.

NYCLASS is rated by S&P Global Ratings. The current rating is 'AAAm'.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements December 31, 2022

The dollar weighted average days to maturity (WAM) of NYCLASS at December 31, 2022 is 49 days. Next interest rate reset dates for floating rate securities are used in the calculation of the WAM. The weighted average life (WAL) of NYCLASS at September 30, 2022 is 52 days. This is the most recent available data for WAL.

The U.S. Treasuries within the NYCLASS portfolio are backed by the full faith and credit of the United States Government and therefore do not require collateral. New York State Municipal Bonds within the portfolio are backed by the full faith and credit of the State of New York and therefore do not require collateral. The other permissible investment security types are collateralized in accordance with NYS GML Section 10 and the NYCLASS Investment Policy. Repurchase Agreements (repo) are collateralized 102% by either U.S. Treasuries or U.S. Agencies. Certificates of Deposit (CD) also require full collateral; currently NYCLASS CDs are being collateralized by Federal Home Loan Bank (FHLB) Letters of Credit (LOC).

NYCLASS Portfolio Holdings as of December 31, 2022:

Repurchase Agreements (Collateralized) 41.74%
U.S. Treasury Securities (Full Faith and Credit) 41.08%
Bank Deposits (Collateralized) 14.44%
FDIC Insured Bank Deposits 2.74%
100.00%

The Town had the following investments as of December 31, 2022:

NYCLASS Investment \$ 4,127,356
U.S. Treasury Bills 10,772,916
Investment in Pittsford Sewer District 6,812

Total investments \$ 14,907,084

Notes to Basic Financial Statements December 31, 2022

4. CAPITAL ASSETS

A summary	\prime of the	e change	s in ca	pital	assets	follows:
, t 5 a			<i>-</i> ca	P. CG.	455665	

	Restated			
	1/1/2022	Additions	Disposals	12/31/2022
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 6,128,566	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 6,128,566
Land development rights	11,513,343	-	-	11,513,343
Work in progress	567,579	279,012		846,591
Total non-depreciable assets	18,209,488	279,012		18,488,500
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Buildings and improvements	35,637,266	-	-	35,637,266
Machinery and equipment	9,724,410	772,146	(301,352)	10,195,204
Infrastructure	70,301,989	2,025,532		72,327,521
Total depreciable assets at cost	115,663,665	2,797,678	(301,352)	118,159,991
Less: Accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings and improvements	(11,628,938)	(1,024,521)	-	(12,653,459)
Machinery and equipment	(6,648,549)	(1,138,278)	301,352	(7,485,475)
Infrastructure	(52,059,330)	(1,871,426)		(53,930,756)
Total accumulated depreciation	(70,336,817)	(4,034,225)	301,352	(74,069,690)
Total depreciable assets - net	45,326,848	(1,236,547)		44,090,301
Leased right-to-use assets:				
Equipment	921	-	-	921
Building	169,729			169,729
Total accumulated depreciation	170,650			170,650
Less: Accumulated amortization for:				
Equipment	-	(425)	-	(425)
Building		(72,741)		(72,741)
Total accumulated amortization		(73,166)		(73,166)
Total leased assets, net	170,650	(73,166)		97,484
Total capital assets - net	\$ 63,706,986	\$ (1,030,701)	\$ -	\$ 62,676,285

Notes to Basic Financial Statements December 31, 2022

Depreciation expense and amoritzation expense for the period were charged to functions/programs as follows:

	Depreciation		Amortization	
General governmental	\$	99,851	\$	73,166
Public safety		14,918		-
Transportation		2,377,940		-
Economic assistance		17,239		-
Culture and recreation		865,665		-
Home and community		658,612		
Total	\$	4,034,225	\$	73,166

5. INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Interfund receivables and payables at December 31, 2022 were as follows:

	Interfund		Ir	nterfund					
<u>Fund</u>	Receivables		Receivables		Payables		Transfers In	Transfers Out	
General Whole Town Fund	\$	138,895	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 4,116,673			
General Part-Town Fund		-		-	54,382	-			
Highway Whole Town Fund		-		-	544,937	-			
Highway Part-Town Fund		-		-	630,552	52,750			
Consolidated Sewer District		-		-	493,000	-			
Capital Projects Fund		-		138,895	314,094	-			
Debt Service Fund		-		-	2,032,876	-			
Library Fund					99,582				
Total	\$	138,895	\$	138,895	\$ 4,169,423	\$ 4,169,423			

Interfund transactions between governmental activities are eliminated on the Statement of Net Position. The Town typically loans resources between funds for the purpose of mitigating the effects of transient cash flow issues.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements December 31, 2022

6. LEASES

Lessee Agreements

The Town leases 3750 Monroe Ave for the Town Court and also leases a Mailstation Meter from Pitney Bowes. For the Town Court lease, the Town entered into a 20-year lease agreement, effective April 2004. The monthly lease payment for the Town Court includes a variable payment of \$2,750 for estimated operating costs which are reconciled at year end; this payment is not included in the calculation of the lease liability. The Town also has the five-year Mailstation Meter lease entered into in February 2019. For both leases, the Town has used the effective interest rate of 2.05%. Both of the leases do not include any option for renewal.

Activity of lease liabilities for the year ended December 31, 2022 is summarized as follows:

Beginning				
Balance				
1/1/2022			Balance	Due Within
(restated)	Additions	Deductions	12/31/2022	One Year
\$ 170,650	\$ -	\$ (72,323)	\$ 98,327	\$ 73,519

Annual requirements to amortize long-term obligations and related interest are as follows:

	P	Principal		Interest		Total
2023	\$	73,519	\$	1,328	\$	74,847
2024		24,808		106		24,914
Total	\$	98,327	\$	1,434	\$	99,761

Lessor Agreement

The Town is the lessor of building space to Starbucks Corporation. In February 2017, the Town entered into a ten-year lease. The agreement also includes six five-year renewal options, which the lessee is reasonably certain to exercise. These are included in the total remaining lease term. At the time of the initial measurement, there was no interest rate specified in the original lease agreement. The Town used the effective interest rate of 2.05%.

Activity of lease inflows for the year ended December 31, 2022 is summarized as follows:

	Balance
Lease-related revenue	12/31/2022
Lease revenue	
Building	\$ 84,108
Interest revenue	60,222
Variable and other revenue	
Total	\$ 144,330

Notes to Basic Financial Statements December 31, 2022

Future minimum lease payments due to the Town are as follows:

	Pı	Principal		Interest		Total
2023	\$	30,982	\$	59,647	\$	90,629
2024		31,623		59,006		90,629
2025		32,278		58,351		90,629
2026		32,946		57,683		90,629
2027		41,238		56,943		98,181
2028-2032		235,726		271,032		506,758
2033-2037		314,377		243,011		557,388
2038-2042		406,915		206,243		613,158
2043-2047		515,311		159,208		674,519
2048-2052		641,725		100,175		741,900
2053-2057		640,631		28,297		668,928
Total	\$2,	923,752	\$1 ,	299,596	\$4	,223,348

7. PENSION PLAN

New York State Employees' Retirement System (NYSERS)

The Town participates in the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System (ERS) also referred to as New York State and Local Retirement System (the System). This is a cost-sharing multiple-employer retirement system, providing retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits. The net position of the System is held in the New York State Common Retirement Fund (the Fund), established to hold all net position and record changes in plan net position allocated to the System. The System benefits are established under the provisions of the New York State Retirement and Social Security Law (NYS RSSL). Once an employer elects to participate in the System, the election is irrevocable. The New York State Constitution provides that pension membership is a contractual relationship and plan benefits cannot be diminished or impaired. Benefits can be changed for future members only by enactment of a State statute. The Town also participates in the Public Employees' Group Life Insurance Plan (GLIP), which provides death benefits in the form of life insurance. The system is included in the State's financial report as a pension trust fund. That report, including information with regard to benefits provided, may be found at www.osc.state.ny.us/retire/publications/index.php or obtained by writing to the New York State and Local Retirement System, 110 State Street, Albany, NY 12244.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements December 31, 2022

Contributions

The System is noncontributory except for employees who joined after July 27, 1976, who contribute 3% percent of their salary for the first ten years of membership, and employees who joined on or after January 1, 2010 contribute 3% percent of their salary for their entire length of service. Members who joined on or after April 1, 2012 contribute between 3-6% of their annual compensation. Under the authority of the NYSRSSL, the Comptroller annually certifies the actuarially determined rates expressly used in computing the employers' contributions based on salaries paid during the System's fiscal year ending March 31. Contributions for the current year and two preceding years were equal to 100 percent of the contributions required, and were as follows:

2022	\$ 989,039
2021	\$ 925,638
2020	\$ 886,601

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At December 31, 2022, the Town reported a net pension asset of \$1,976,675 for its proportionate share of the System's net pension asset. The net pension asset was measured as of March 31, 2022, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension asset was determined by the actuarial valuation as of that date. The Town's proportionate share of the net pension asset was based on a projection of the Town's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating members, actuarially determined.

At December 31, 2022, the Town's proportionate share was 0.0241807%, which was an decrease from its proportionate share of 0.0242564% at December 31, 2021.

For the year ended December 31, 2022, the Town recognized pension expense of \$124,259. At December 31, 2022, the Town reported deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred	Deferred
	Outflows	Inflows
	of	of
	Resources	Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 149,696	\$ 194,165
Changes in assumptions	3,298,849	55,664
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	-	6,472,782
Changes in proportion and differences between the Town's contributions and		
proportionate share of contributions	132,474	130,721
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	554,822	
Total	\$ 4,135,841	\$ 6,853,332

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

December 31, 2022

Amounts reported as deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Plan's Year Ended March 31:

\$ (476	6,859)
4 (729	9,726)
5 (1,693	1,005)
5 (374	4,723)

\$ (3,272,313)

The Town recognized \$554,822 as deferred outflow of resources related to pensions resulting from contributions made subsequent to the measurement date of March 31, 2022, which will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended December 31, 2023.

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability at March 31, 2022 was determined by using an actuarial valuation as of April 1, 2021, with update procedures used to roll forward the total pension liability to March 31, 2022.

The actuarial valuation used the following actuarial assumptions:

ERS

Inflation 2.70%

Salary scale 4.4% in ERS, indexed by service

Investment Rate of Return, including 5.9% compounded annually, net of investment expenses

inflation

Cost of living adjustments 1.4% annually

Decrements Developed from the Plan's 2015 experience study of the period

April 1, 2015 through March 31, 2020

Mortality improvement Society of Actuaries Scale MP-2020

Long-term Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net of investment expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Notes to Basic Financial Statements December 31, 2022

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

Long-Term Expected Real

Asset Type	Target Allocations in %	Rate of Return in %
Domestic Equity	32.00	3.30%
International Equity	15.00	5.85%
Private Equity	10.00	6.50%
Real Estate	9.00	5.00%
Opportunistic/Absolute Return Strategies	3.00	4.10%
Credit	4.00	3.78%
Real Assets	3.00	5.58%
Fixed Income	23.00	0.00%
Cash	<u>1.00</u>	-1.00%
	100.00	

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to calculate the total pension liability was 5.9%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based upon the assumptions, the Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to the Discount Rate Assumption

The following presents the Town's proportionate share of the net pension asset calculated using the discount rate of 5.9%, as well as what the Town's proportionate share of the net pension asset would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1% lower (4.9%) or 1% higher (6.9%) than the current rate:

	1%	Current	1%
	Decrease	Discount	Increase
	4.9%	5.9%	6.9%
Proportionate Share of Net Pension liability (asset)	\$ 5,087,940	\$ (1,976,675)	\$ (7,885,885)

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position (000's)

The components of the current-year net pension asset of the employers as of March 31, 2022 were as follows:

Total pension liability	\$223,874,888
Net position	232,049,473
Net pension liability (asset)	\$ (8,174,585)
ERS net position as a percentage of total pension liability	103.65%

Notes to Basic Financial Statements December 31, 2022

8. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT HEALTH CARE BENEFITS

Plan Description

The Town provides certain health care benefits for retired employees. The Town administers the Retirement Benefits Plan (the "Retirement Plan") as a single-employer defined benefit Other Postemployment Benefit Plan (OPEB).

In general, the Town provides medical and dental benefits for retirees. There were approximately 104 retired employees and spouses or beneficiaries receiving benefits at December 31, 2022. Eligible employees must have had 20 years of service with the Town and have been eligible for retirement pursuant to the System prior to the discontinuation of additional participants. The Retirement Plan does not issue a standalone financial report since there are no assets legally segregated for the sole purpose of paying benefits under the plan in a trust that meets all of the criteria in GASB statement No. 75, paragraph 4.

Benefits Provided

The obligations of the Retirement Plan are established by action of the Town. The Town will pay 85% of the cost of coverage for pre-Medicare medical coverage and will pay 100% of coverage for the Medicare Supplemental plan. Coverage is provided to surviving spouses for their lifetime. The costs of administering the Retirement Plan are paid by the Town. The Town currently contributes enough money to the Retirement Plan to satisfy current obligations on a pay-as-you-go basis to cover annual premiums. The amount paid during 2022 was approximately \$804,685.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

At December 31, 2022, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees and spouses or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	104
Active employees	53
Total participants	157

Notes to Basic Financial Statements December 31, 2022

Total OPEB Liability

The Town's total OPEB liability was measured as of December 31, 2022 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2021.

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs

The total OPEB liability in the December 31, 2022 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs:

Inflation 2.5 percent per year Payroll Growth 3 percent per year

Discount Rate 3.70 percent as of December 31, 2022

Healthcare Cost Trend Rates 6.5 percent for 2022 for Pre-65, decreasing to an ultimate rate of

4.5 percent for 2060 and later years

Dental Cost Trend Rate 3.5 percent per year

pre-65 coverage and 100 percent of the Medicare Advantage

plan premium for post-65 coverage.

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal Cost Method

The discount rate was based on "The Bond Buyer 20-Bond GO Index" as of the valuation date, which represents the average of certain general obligation municipal bonds maturing in 20 years and having an average rating of AA/Aaa or higher.

Mortality Rates Pre-Retirement: U.S. Public Pension Plan Mortality (2010) Headcount-

Weighted Healthy Employee Male / Female

Mortality Projected with Scale MP-2021.

Post-Retirement: U.S. Public Pension Plan Mortality (2010) Headcount-

Weighted Healthy Annuitant Male / Female

Mortality Projected with Scale MP-2021.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements December 31, 2022

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

Balance at January 1, 2022	\$ 22,952,817
Changes for the year-	
Service cost	469,836
Interest	471,229
Benefit payments	(804,685)
Actuarial assumption changes	(4,992,134)
Net changes	(4,855,754)
Balance at December 31, 2022	\$ <u>18,097,063</u>

Changes of assumptions and other inputs reflect a change in the discount rate from 2.05% in 2021 to 3.70% in 2022.

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the Town, as well as what the Town's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current discount rate:

1%	Current	1%
Decrease	Discount	Increase
2.70%	3.70%	4.70%
\$ 20,905,537	\$ 18,097,063	\$ 15,822,276

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the Town, as well as what the Town's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rate:

	1%		1%
	Decrease	Current	Increase
	5.50%	6.50%	7.50%
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 15,510,941	\$ 18,097,063	\$ 21,372,485

Notes to Basic Financial Statements December 31, 2022

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB For the year ended December 31, 2022, the Town recognized OPEB expense of \$65,094. At December 31, 2022, the Town reported deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred	Deferred
	Outflows of	Inflows of
	Resources	Resources
Differences between expected and actual demographic experience Changes of assumptions	\$ - 1,677,750	\$ 1,029,533 3,744,100
Changes of assumptions	1,077,730	3,744,100
Total	\$ 1,677,750	\$ 4,773,633

Amounts reported as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending December	Amount
2023	\$ (601,003)
2024	(1,159,984)
2025	(1,334,896)
	\$ (3,095,883)

9. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

Serial Bonds

The Town borrows money in order to acquire land, high cost equipment, or construct buildings and improvements. This enables the cost of these capital assets to be borne by the present and future taxpayers receiving the benefit of the capital assets. These serial bonds are full faith and credit debt of the Town. The provision to be made in future budgets for capital indebtedness represents the amount, exclusive of interest, authorized to be collected in future years from taxpayers and others for liquidations of the long-term liabilities.

Other Long-Term Debt

In addition to the above long-term debt the Town reports compensated absences which represents the value earned and unused portion of the earned vacation leave and compensatory time.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements December 31, 2022

Long-term liability balances and activity for the year are summarized below:

	Beginning					Ending		ue Within	D	ue After One		
		Balance	lance Additions		Deletions		Balance		One Year		Year	
Direct Borrowing:												
Statutory bond	\$	13,628	\$	-	\$	(6,816)	\$ 6,812	\$	6,812	\$	-	
General Obligations:												
Serial bonds	1	7,050,000		-		(1,840,000)	15,210,000		1,875,000		13,335,000	
Bond premium		329,329		-		(29,886)	299,443		-		299,443	
Other Long-Term Obligation:												
Compensated absences		71,190		29,186			100,376			_	100,376	
Total	\$ 1	7,464,147	\$	29,186	\$	(1,876,702)	\$ 15,616,631	\$	1,881,812	\$	13,734,819	

Additions and deletions to compensated absences are shown net since it is impractical to determine these amounts separately.

The following is a statement of long-term debt with corresponding maturity schedules:

			Amount	
<u>Purpose</u>	Issue Date	Interest Rate	Outstanding	Final Maturity
General Obligations				
Serial Bonds:				
Purchase of development rights	9/2009	4.00%	\$ 475,000	9/2023
Public improvement	4/2014	2.25%	4,840,000	4/2034
Public improvement	9/2016	2.00%	3,640,000	9/2030
Public Improvement	11/2017	2.00%	6,170,000	11/2032
Public Improvement	12/2018	2.88%	85,000	6/2023
			15,210,000	
<u>Direct Borrowings</u>				
Statutory Bonds:				
Pittsford Sewer District - 29 & 29a	6/2004	4.00%	6,812	6/2023
		Total	\$ 15,216,812	

Interest on long-term debt, including leases, for the year was composed of:

Interest paid	\$	448,238
Plus: Interest accrued in the current year		88,159
Less: Interest accrued in the prior year		(101,898)
Plus: Amortization of deferred amount on refunding		11,086
Less: Amortization of bond premiums	_	(29,886)
Total interest expense	\$	415,699

Notes to Basic Financial Statements December 31, 2022

The following table summarizes the Town's future debt service requirements for general obligations as of December 31:

	Bond Principal	Principal Bond Interest Tot	
2023	\$ 1,875,000	\$ 395,025	\$ 2,270,025
2024	1,345,000	344,950	1,689,950
2025	1,375,000	314,450	1,689,450
2026	1,410,000	283,250	1,693,250
2027	1,440,000	251,250	1,691,250
2028-2032	6,800,000	706,563	7,506,563
2033-2034	965,000	39,100	1,004,100
Total	\$ 15,210,000	\$ 2,334,588	\$ 17,544,588

The following table summarizes the Town's future debt service requirements for direct borrowings as of December 31:

	Bond	Principal	Bond	Interest	10	tal Debt
2023	\$	6,812	\$	272	\$	7,084
	\$	6,812	\$	272	\$	7,084

In 2014, the Town issued one 2014 serial bond for \$7,265,000 which refunded the 2004 serial bond of \$7,245,000. The bond refunding resulted in an economic gain on refunding of approximately \$531,100. The excess of the reacquisition price over the net carrying amount of the refunded bonds in the amount of \$221,724 has been deferred and is being amortized using the straight-line method through 2034. The balance of the deferred amount on refunding as of December 31, 2022 is \$133,036 and is reflected as a deferred outflow of resources on the Statement of Net Position.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements December 31, 2022

10. FUND BALANCES

The Town has the following capital reserves, which are classified as restricted funds:

General Fund Capital Reserves:

Equipment - To finance future planned replacement of equipment items for the Town

Office Equipment - To finance future planned replacement of office equipment items for the Town

Building Maintenance - To finance the costs associated with building repairs and improvements

Turf Maintenance - To finance the costs associated with synthetic turf field maintenance and improvements

Highway Fund Part-Town Capital Reserves:

Road Improvements - To finance capital projects for the construction or improvement of roads systems within the Town

Consolidated Sewer Fund Capital Reserves:

Sewer Equipment - To finance future planned replacement of high cost sewer equipment items

Sewer Office Equipment - To finance future planned replacement of office equipment for the sewer department

Sewer Repair - To finance future planned repair to sewer districts within the Town

Nonmajor Fund Capital Reserves:

General - Town Outside Village Equipment - To finance future planned replacement of equipment items for the Town outside the Village

General - Town Outside Village Office Equipment - To finance future planned replacement of office equipment items for the Town

The Town has the following general reserves, which are classified as restricted funds:

General Fund - General Reserves:

General Reserves - To finance all, or part of, the cost of an object or purpose which has a period of probable usefulness of at least five years (other than objects or purposes for which reserve funds may be established under Town Law). Expenditures may only be made for a specific object or purpose and are subject to permissive referendum.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements December 31, 2022

As of December 31, 2022, the Town's fund balances were composed of the following:

	General Fund	Highway Fund	Highway Fund Part-Town	Consolidated Sewer District	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total
Nonspendable - Prepaid expenditures	\$ 85,446	\$ 25,969	\$ 29,151	\$ 13,760	\$ 44,816	\$ 199,142
Total nonspendable	85,446	25,969	29,151	13,760	44,816	199,142
Restricted -						
General	1,177,589	-	-	-	-	1,177,589
Equipment	768,004	-	-	409,754	271,958	1,449,716
Office equipment	453,873	-	-	48,517	28,242	530,632
Building maintenance	718,219	-	-	-	-	718,219
Turf maintenance	277,934	-	-	-	-	277,934
Road improvements	-	-	449,366	-	-	449,366
Sewer repair	-	-	-	1,663,675	-	1,663,675
Debt service	-	-	-	-	271,195	271,195
Capital	-	-	-	-	319,569	319,569
Highway	-	1,524,290	6,037,554	-	-	7,561,844
Sewer	-	-	-	986,166	-	986,166
Other					3,514,203	3,514,203
Total restricted	3,395,619	1,524,290	6,486,920	3,108,112	4,405,167	18,920,108
Assigned -						
Appropriations	1,706,886	_	_	_	_	1,706,886
Capital	1,700,000	_	_	_	294,646	294,646
Other spendable					254,040	234,040
amounts	293,781					293,781
Total assigned	2,000,667				294,646	2,295,313
Unassigned	4,223,761					4,223,761
Total fund balance	\$ 9,705,493	\$ 1,550,259	\$ 6,516,071	\$ 3,121,872	\$ 4,744,629	\$ 25,638,324

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

December 31, 2022

Net Position - Restricted

The following table shows the restricted net position within the funds as shown on the Statement of Net Position:

General reserves	\$ 1,177,589
Capital and repair reserves	5,101,669
Other capital	307,442
Debt service	271,195
Special revenue funds	12,062,213

Total \$ _18,920,108

11. DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN

Employees of the Town may elect to participate in the Deferred Compensation Plan for Employees of the Town of Pittsford (the Plan) created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The Plan, available to all employees, permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years, usually after retirement. As of December 31, 2022, the market value of the assets of the Plan totaled \$10,074,517.

Employees contribute to the Plan through voluntary salary deductions. Participation in the Plan is voluntary, and the deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death or unforeseeable emergency. The Plan is administered by an independent third-party which is responsible for administering the fund's investments and record keeping.

12. OTHER INFORMATION

A. Risk Management

1. General Information

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss related to injuries to employees, theft, damages, natural disasters, etc. These risks are covered by commercial insurance purchased from independent third parties. Settled claims from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage for the past three years.

2. Dental Plan

The Town self-insures for dental coverage for its employees (the Plan). The Town contracts with a third-party administrator who is responsible for processing claims and estimating liabilities. The Town does not carry excess insurance coverage relative to this Plan. The Town records expenditures as claims are presented for payment with a cap of \$1,000 per year per member. The Town records expenditures in the governmental funds each year based on the current costs of dental coverage. The total claims incurred and paid in 2022 was \$119,818.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements December 31, 2022

B. Commitments and Contingencies

1. Commitments

The Town participates in a number of federal and New York State grant and assistance programs. These programs are subject to financial and compliance audits by the grantors or their representatives. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the granting agencies cannot be determined at this time, although the Town expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

2. Litigation

There are tax certiorari claims requesting reduction of assessments pending. The outcome of the tax certiorari claims is undeterminable at this time; as such no allowance has been recorded.

13. TAX ABATEMENT

The Town has one real property tax abatement agreement entered into by the County of Monroe IDA under Article 18-A of the real property tax law. The agreement provides for abatement of real property taxes in exchange for a payment in lieu of taxes (PILOT) under the JobsPlus program.

JobsPlus Program

Under the JobsPlus program the recipient can be manufacturers, technology-based producer service companies, commercial projects which will increase the tax assessment with new construction and the rehabilitation of existing commercial buildings that have been vacant for a long period of time. They must meet a minimum of 10% job creation goal over impacted employment within three years. The project must use all local labor for the construction of new, expanded or renovated facilities.

The following information relates to the PILOT agreement entered into under the aforementioned program:

	Taxable						
	Assessed	Tax Rate		F	Pilot	Ta	xes
Agreement	Value	(per \$1,000)	Tax Value	Red	ceived	Ab	ated
	4 000 100		.	_		_	
P & L Linden, LLC	\$ 968,400	3.135	\$ 728,400	\$	2,283	Ş	753

Notes to Basic Financial Statements December 31, 2022

14. CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLE

During the year ended December 31, 2022, the Town implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 87, Leases. GASB Statement No. 87 enhances the relevance and consistency of information of the government's leasing activities. It establishes requirements for lease accounting based on the principle that leases are financings of the right to use and underlying asset. A lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right to use lease asset. A lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources. These changes were incorporated in the Town's 2022 financial statements. The effect of the lessee transactions had no effect on the beginning net position of the governmental activities since the net book value of the leased assets equals the total lease liability. The lessor transactions also had no effect on beginning net position, nor on beginning fund balance in the General Fund, as the deferred inflows equal the amount of the lease receivable.

	Governmental Activities Net	General Fund
	Position	Fund Balance
Balance at December 31, 2021, as previously reported	\$ 46,912,950	\$ 10,669,089
Adjustments		
Net book value of leased asset	170,650	-
Lease liability	(170,650)	-
Lease receivable	2,957,781	2,957,781
Deferred inflows - leases	(2,957,781)	(2,957,781)
Balance at January 1, 2022, as restated	\$ 46,912,950	\$ 10,669,089

15. AMERICAN RESCUE PLAN

The American Rescue Plan Act is projected to provide the Town with \$2,876,402 in total. Fifty percent of this total award was received in 2021, with the remaining funds received in 2022. The entire award will be used for government services using the standard allowance, in accordance with U.S. Department of Treasury regulations.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (UNAUDITED)

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - General Fund (Unaudited) For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

					۸ct	tual Amounts	ariance with
	Orig	ginal Budget		Final Budget			ive (Negative)
REVENUES:							
Real property taxes and tax items	\$	6,600,162	\$	6,600,162	\$	6,604,418	\$ 4,256
Nonproperty tax items		395,000		395,000		395,737	737
Departmental income		739,150		836,500		1,001,617	165,117
Intergovernmental charges		117,754		117,754		102,732	(15,022)
Interfund revenues Use of money and property		25,000 173,325		25,000		35,927	10,927
Licenses and permits		27,500		173,325 27,500		364,910 27,320	191,585
Fines and forfeitures		45,000		45,000		26,376	(180) (18,624)
Sale of property and compensation for loss		45,000		43,000		186,079	186,079
Miscellaneous		148,581		148,581		40,937	(107,644)
State aid		1,025,000		1,026,000		1,420,646	394,646
Federal aid		-		2,124,110		1,492,917	(631,193)
r ederar and			_	, , -		, - ,-	 (, ,
Total revenues		9,296,472		11,518,932		11,699,616	 180,684
EXPENDITURES:							
General governmental support		4,020,579		4,304,732		3,729,390	575,342
Public safety		258,589		280,562		273,037	7,525
Public health		66,060		105,460		105,460	-
Transportation		185,528		200,571		176,376	24,195
Economic assistance and opportunity		419,192		419,781		328,607	91,174
Culture and recreation		2,049,176		2,470,405		2,248,853	221,552
Home and community services		239,125		239,125		192,872	46,253
Employee benefits		2,012,361		1,896,744		1,546,964	349,780
Debt service	<u></u>	98,917	_	98,917		173,764	 (74,847)
Total expenditures		9,349,527		10,016,297		8,775,323	 1,240,974
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		(53,055)		1,502,635		2,924,293	 1,421,658
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):							
Operating transfers - in		450,000		547,289		_	(547,289)
Operating transfers - out		(2,132,876)		(4,956,188)		(4,116,673)	839,515
Operating transfers - out	-	(2,132,070)		(4,550,100)		(4,110,075)	 033,313
Total other financing sources and uses		(1,682,876)		(4,408,899)		(4,116,673)	292,226
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	(1,735,931)	\$	(2,906,264)		(1,192,380)	\$ 1,713,884
FUND BALANCE - beginning of year						10,669,089	
FUND BALANCE - end of year					\$	9,476,709	

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Highway Fund (Unaudited)

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

						Actual	Vai	riance with
						Amounts	Fin	al Budget
		Original			(1	Budgetary		Positive
		Budget	Fi	nal Budget		Basis)	(1)	legative)
								<u> </u>
REVENUES:								
Real property taxes and tax items	\$	1,835,269	\$	1,835,269	\$	1,835,269	\$	-
Intergovernmental charges		509,305		509,305		399,182		(110,123)
Use of money and property		16,500		16,500		25,500		9,000
Sale of property and compensation for loss		1,500		1,500		819		(681)
Miscellaneous				_		1,579		1,579
Total revenues		2,362,574		2,362,574		2,262,349		(100,225)
EXPENDITURES:								
Transportation		2,091,430		2,987,997		2,921,874		66,123
Employee benefits		752,397		707,900		616,753		91,147
Total expenditures		2,843,827		3,695,897		3,538,627		157,270
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER		(404.050)		(4 000 000)		/4 076 070)		
EXPENDITURES		(481,253)		(1,333,323)		(1,276,278)		57,045
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				E 4 4 0 2 7		544.027		
Operating transfers - in			_	544,937		544,937		
Total other financing courses and uses		_		544,937		544,937		_
Total other financing sources and uses				344,337		344,337		
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	(481,253)	\$	(788,386)		(731,341)	\$	57,045
CHANGE IN LOND BALANCE	<u>~</u>	(+01,233)	<u>~</u>	(700,300)		(/31,341)	-	37,043
FUND BALANCE - beginning of year						1,613,451		
TOTAL BALANCE DESIRINING OF YEAR					_	_,010,101		
FUND BALANCE - end of year					\$	882,110		
. S. I. S. I. I. I. C. C. I. G. I. Y. C. I.					<u>~</u>	55-,115		

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Highway Fund Part-Town (Unaudited)

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

		Original Budget	<u>_</u> F	inal Budget		Actual Amounts Budgetary Basis)	Fi	riance with nal Budget Positive Negative)
REVENUES:								
Real property taxes and tax items	\$	545,224	\$	545,224	\$	545,224	\$	_
Nonproperty tax items	·	2,623,000	•	2,623,000	•	4,193,676	·	1,570,676
Intergovernmental charges		4,000		4,000		4,236		236
Use of money and property		12,500		12,500		58,271		45,771
Miscellaneous		-		-		3,697		3,697
State aid	_	171,324	_	365,564	_	365,563	_	(1)
Total revenues		3,356,048		3,550,288		5,170,667		1,620,379
EXPENDITURES:								
Home and community services		2,600		2,600		2,415		185
Transportation		2,880,886		4,012,798		3,758,416		254,382
Employee benefits	_	1,002,562		786,826		760,661		26,165
Total expenditures		3,886,048	_	4,802,224		4,521,492		280,732
EVERES (DEFICIENCY) OF DEVENIUES OVED								
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		(530,000)		(1,251,936)		649,175		1,901,111
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES:								
Operating transfers - in		-		756,552		630,552		(126,000)
Operating transfers - out				(178,750)		(52,750)		126,000
Total other financing sources and uses	_			577,802		577,802	_	
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	(530,000)	\$	(674,134)		1,226,977	\$	1,901,111
FUND BALANCE - beginning of year						5,119,465		
FUND BALANCE - end of year					\$	6,346,442		

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Consolidated Sewer District (Unaudited)

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

		Original Budget	Fi	nal Budget	Actual Amounts Budgetary Basis)	Fin F	iance with al Budget Positive egative)
REVENUES: Real property taxes and tax items Departmental income Use of money and property Licenses and permits Sale of property and compensation for loss Miscellaneous	\$	1,235,568 5,800 8,000 2,400 - 24,800	\$	1,235,568 5,800 8,000 2,400 - 24,800	\$ 1,238,822 19,003 47,484 3,160 31,000 17,417	\$	3,254 13,203 39,484 760 31,000 (7,383)
Total revenues		1,276,568		1,276,568	1,356,886		80,318
EXPENDITURES: Home and community services Employee benefits	_	1,008,403 429,466		1,454,724 429,466	 1,293,121 316,645		161,603 112,821
Total expenditures		1,437,869		1,884,190	1,609,766		274,424
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	_	(161,301)		(607,622)	 (252,880)		354,742
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Operating transfers - in Operating transfers - out		- (111,000)		548,233 (288,177)	 493,000 <u>-</u>		(55,233) 288,177
Total other financing sources and uses	_	(111,000)		260,056	 493,000		232,944
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	(272,301)	\$	(347,566)	240,120	\$	587,686
FUND BALANCE - beginning of year					 2,649,417		
FUND BALANCE - end of year					\$ 2,889,537		

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability (Asset) (Unaudited) For the Years Ended December 31:

	Last 10 Fiscal Years (Dollar amounts displayed in thousands)																
NEW YORK STATE EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM PLAN - ERS	2022		2021		2020		2019		2018		2017		2016		2015	2014	2013
Proportion of the net pension liability (asset) Proportionate share of the net	0.02	24%	0.024%	,)	0.023%		0.022%		0.020%		0.020%		0.021%		0.021%		mation for the riods prior to
pension liability (asset) Covered-employee payroll Proportionate share of the net		77) \$ 16 \$		•	6,065 6,591	\$ \$	1,572 6,223	\$ \$	657 5,835	\$ \$	1,913 5,835	\$ \$	3,307 5,781	•	703 5,696	GASB and w	ementation of 58 is unavailable ill be completed ach year going
pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee Plan fiduciary net position as a	-29.0)1%	0.34%	,	92.02%		25.26%		11.26%		32.78%		57.20%		12.34%	for	ward as they ome available.
percentage of the total pension liability (asset)	103.6	55%	99.95%	ó	86.39%		96.27%		98.24%		94.70%		90.70%		97.90%		

Required Supplementary Information
Schedule of Contributions - Pension Plan (Unaudited)
For the Years Ended December 31:

	Last 10 Fiscal Years (Dollar amounts displayed in thousands)														
NEW YORK STATE EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM PLAN - ERS		2022		2021		2020		2019		2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to the	\$	989	\$	926	\$	887	\$	879	\$	850	\$ 852	\$ 995	\$ 1,092	Informati	ion for the
contractually required contribution		989		926		887		879		850	852	995	 1,092		prior to
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	_	\$	-	\$		\$ -	\$ 	\$ <u>-</u>		ntation of unavailable
Covered-employee payroll Contributions as a percentage of	\$	6,816	\$	6,989	\$	6,591	\$	6,223	\$	5,835	\$ 5,835	\$ 5,781	\$ 5,696	for each	e completed year going d as they
covered-employee payroll		14.51%		13.25%		13.46%		14.13%		14.57%	14.60%	17.21%	19.17%	become	available.

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios (Unaudited) For the Years Ended December 31:

	Last 10 Fiscal Years (Dollar amounts displayed in thousands)														
	2022		2021		2020		2019		2018		2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
Service cost Interest Changes of benefit terms Actuarial assumption changes Actuarial demographic gain Benefit payments Total change in total OPEB liability Total OPEB liability - beginning Total OPEB liability - ending	(4,9	- 05) 56) 53	586 499 - 645 (1,079) (738) (87) 23,040 22,953		505 602 - 875 - (749) 1,233 21,807 23,040		353 762 - 4,706 (1,911) (716) 3,194 18,613 21,807	\$ 	403 733 - (1,375) (645) (884) 19,497 18,613	\$	420 700 - - (618) 502 18,995 19,497	im unava	he periods pon of GASB 7 fill be comploy forward as available.	75 is eted for	
Covered-employee payroll Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	\$ 3,5	96 \$			4,302	\$	4,424 492.9%	\$	3,822		4,849				

Notes to schedule:

Changes of assumptions. Changes in assumptions and other inputs reflect the effects of changes in the discount rate each period. The following reflects the discount rate used each period:

Discount rate 3.70% 2.05% 2.15% 2.75% 4.10% 3.75% 4.00%

Plan Assets. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in GASB 75, paragraph 4, to pay related benefits:

- Contributions from the employer and any nonemployer contributing entities, and earnings thereon, must be irrevocable.
- Plan assets must be dedicated to providing OPEB to Plan members in accordance with the benefit terms.
- Plan assets must be legally protected from the creditors of the employer, nonemployer contributing entities, the Plan administrator, and Plan members.

Information for the periods prior to implementation of GASB 75 is unavailable and will be completed for each year going forward as they become available.



Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Governmental Funds December 31, 2022

	General - Town Outside Village			ebt Service Fund	Са	pital Projects Fund	tal Nonmajor ecial Revenue Funds	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds		
ASSETS										
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	366,426	\$	271,195	\$	129,822	\$ 914,986	\$	1,682,429	
Investments		1,641,682		-		479,293	630,369		2,751,344	
Receivables		-		-		-	3,496		3,496	
Due from State and Federal government		-		-		143,995	-		143,995	
Due from other governments		362,400		-		-	-		362,400	
Prepaid expenditures		13,528					 31,288		44,816	
Total assets	\$	2,384,036	\$	271,195	\$	753,110	\$ 1,580,139	\$	4,988,480	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES										
LIABILITIES:										
Accounts payable	\$	520	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 26,406	\$	26,926	
Accrued liabilities		22,789		-		-	35,241		58,030	
Due to other funds		-		-		138,895	-		138,895	
Unearned revenue							 20,000		20,000	
Total liabilities		23,309				138,895	 81,647		243,851	
FUND BALANCES:										
Nonspendable		13,528		-		-	31,288		44,816	
Restricted		2,347,199		271,195		319,569	1,467,204		4,405,167	
Assigned						294,646			294,646	
Total fund balances		2,360,727		271,195		614,215	1,498,492		4,744,629	
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	2,384,036	\$	271,195	\$	753,110	\$ 1,580,139	\$	4,988,480	

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	General - Town Outside Village	Debt Service Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
REVENUES:					
Real property taxes and tax items	\$ -	\$ 7,127	\$ -	\$ 2,141,235	\$ 2,148,362
Nonproperty tax items	1,494,563	-	-	-	1,494,563
Departmental income	11,601	-	-	272,386	283,987
Use of money and property	20,891	416	3,801	14,968	40,076
Licenses and permits	104,930	-	-	-	104,930
Miscellaneous	894	-	-	5,168	6,062
Federal aid			143,995		143,995
Total revenues	1,632,879	7,543	147,796	2,433,757	4,221,975
General governmental support	118,381	-	5,735	-	124,116
Public safety	274,719	-	-	330,145	604,864
Transportation	-	-	90,906	63,557	154,463
Economic assistance and opportunity	-	-	174,600	-	174,600
Culture and recreation	-	-	7,771	1,255,561	1,263,332
Home and community services	695,205	-	-	268,841	964,046
Employee benefits	280,917	-	-	316,626	597,543
Debt service -					
Principal	-	1,751,816	-	-	1,751,816
Interest		441,797			441,797
Total expenditures	1,369,222	2,193,613	279,012	2,234,730	6,076,577
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES					
OVER EXPENDITURES	263,657	(2,186,070)	(131,216)	199,027	(1,854,602)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):					
Operating transfers - in	54,382	2,032,876	314,094	99,582	2,500,934
Total other financing sources and uses	54,382	2,032,876	314,094	99,582	2,500,934
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	318,039	(153,194)	182,878	298,609	646,332
FUND BALANCE - beginning of year	2,042,688	424,389	431,337	1,199,883	4,098,297
FUND BALANCE - end of year	\$ 2,360,727	\$ 271,195	\$ 614,215	\$ 1,498,492	\$ 4,744,629

Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds December 31, 2022

	Public Library Fund		Lighting Districts		Park Districts		Refuse Districts		Park Land Deposits Fund		Fire Protection Fund		Ambulance District Fund	Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	
ASSETS															
Cash and cash equivalents Investments Receivables Prepaid expenditures	\$	231,182 614,675 3,496 31,288	\$	38,987 - - -	\$	190,624 - - -	\$	20,339	\$	433,854 15,694 - -	\$	- - - -	\$ - - - -	\$	914,986 630,369 3,496 31,288
Total assets	\$	880,641	\$	38,987	\$	190,624	\$	20,339	\$	449,548	\$		\$ -	\$	1,580,139
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES															
LIABILITIES:															
Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Unearned revenue	\$	611 35,241 20,000	\$	5,564 - <u>-</u>	\$	- - -	\$	20,231	\$	- - -	\$	- - -	\$ - - -	\$	26,406 35,241 20,000
Total liabilities		55,852		5,564				20,231	-						81,647
FUND BALANCES:															
Nonspendable Restricted		31,288 793,501		33,423		190,624		108	-	449,548	-	- -			31,288 1,467,204
Total fund balances		824,789		33,423		190,624		108		449,548					1,498,492
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	880,641	\$	38,987	<u>\$</u>	190,624	\$	20,339	\$	449,548	\$		\$ -	\$	1,580,139

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Public Library Fund	Lighting Districts	Park Districts	Refuse Districts	Park Land Deposits Fund	Fire Protection Fund	Ambulance District Fund	Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	
REVENUES:									
Real property taxes and tax items	\$ 1,403,352	\$ 66,639	\$ 86,044	\$ 255,055		\$ 30,145	\$ 300,000		
Departmental income	54,619	-	-	-	217,767	-	-	272,386	
Miscellaneous	5,168	-	-	-	-	-	-	5,168	
Use of money and property	14,787	22	86	40	33			14,968	
Total revenues	1,477,926	66,661	86,130	255,095	217,800	30,145	300,000	2,433,757	
EXPENDITURES:									
Public safety	-	-	-	-	-	30,145	300,000	330,145	
Transportation	-	63,557	-	-	-	-	_	63,557	
Culture and recreation	1,174,331	-	81,230	-	-	-	-	1,255,561	
Home and community	-	-	-	268,841	-	-	-	268,841	
Employee benefits	316,626							316,626	
Total expenditures	1,490,957	63,557	81,230	268,841		30,145	300,000	2,234,730	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	(13,031)	3,104	4,900	(13,746)	217,800			199,027	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):	99,582	_	_		_	_	_	99,582	
Operating transfers - in	99,382							99,382	
Total other financing sources and uses	99,582							99,582	
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	86,551	3,104	4,900	(13,746)	217,800	-	-	298,609	
FUND BALANCE - beginning of year	738,238	30,319	185,724	13,854	231,748			1,199,883	
FUND BALANCE - end of year	\$ 824,789	\$ 33,423	\$ 190,624	\$ 108	\$ 449,548	\$ -	<u>\$</u>	\$ 1,498,492	